

44 Queen Post Dr Vaughan, ON L4L 3G4



PREPARED FOR: ANA SANTOS

INSPECTION DATE: Friday, May 14, 2021

PREPARED BY: Philip Falcone, RHI



Carson, Dunlop & Associates Ltd. 120 Carlton Street, Suite 407 Toronto, ON M5A 4K2

416-964-9415

www.carsondunlop.com inspection@carsondunlop.com

Excellence in home inspection



May 14, 2021

Dear Ana Santos,

RE: Report No. 77240 44 Queen Post Dr Vaughan, ON L4L 3G4

Thank you for choosing us to perform your home inspection. We hope the experience met your expectations.

The enclosed report includes an Overview tab which summarizes key findings, and the report body. The Good Advice tab provides helpful tips for looking after your home; the Reference tab includes a 500-page Reference Library; and the Appendix tab includes valuable added benefits. You can navigate by clicking the tabs at the top of each page.

Please contact us with any questions about the report or the home itself anytime, for as long as you own your home. Our telephone and e-mail consulting services are available at no cost to you. Please watch for your follow-up e-mail. We hope you will complete our short client questionnaire.

Thanks again for choosing Carson Dunlop.

Sincerely,

Philip Falcone, RHI on behalf of Carson, Dunlop & Associates Ltd.

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OVER	OVERVIEW Report No. 77240										
44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021 www.carsondunlop.cc											
OVERVIEW	ERVIEW ROOFING EXTERIOR STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING INTER								INTERIOR		

OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE

This Overview lists some of the significant report items if any were identified. Please read the entire report before making any decisions about the home; do not rely solely on the Overview.

FOR THE BUYER

There are two elements to a home inspection - the inspection itself and the report. This report is helpful, but the inspection is equally important. You need both elements to make an informed decision. Call us at 416-964-9415 to book a Buyers Review with the inspector over the phone, or engage your own inspector. Our fee is \$149. Without a Buyers Review, our obligation and liability are limited to the seller.

When you move into the home you may find some issues not identified in the report. That is to be expected for a few reasons, such as furniture and storage that has been removed, changes to the property conditions, etc. Therefore, we suggest you allow roughly 1% of the value of the home annually for maintenance and repair.

Cooling & Heat Pump

AIR CONDITIONING \ Life expectancy

Condition: • Air conditioner near the end of typical life expectancy

Although the air conditioning system is close to the end of its life, continue to use and maintain the unit until it fails. Be prepared to replace at any time.

*Air conditioners are complex systems with life expectancies of 10 to 15 years, if well maintained and serviced regularly. An annual maintenance contract is strongly recommended to improve comfort, reduce energy costs and prolong the life of the equipment. See Appendix for more information.

Task: Replace Time: When necessary Cost: \$3,000 - \$6,000

Here are a few thoughts to help you stay warm, safe and dry in your home.

All homes require regular maintenance and periodic updates. Maintenance programs help keep homes safe, comfortable and efficient. Roofs, furnaces and air conditioners for example, wear out and have to be replaced. Good maintenance extends the life of these house systems. Refer to Our Advice tab for more details regarding maintenance of your home.

Water is the biggest enemy of homes, whether from leaks through the roof, walls or foundation, or from plumbing inside the home. Preventative maintenance and quick response to water problems are important to minimize damage, costs and help prevent mould.

Environmental consultants can help with issues like mould, indoor air quality and asbestos. If you need help in these areas, we can connect you with professionals.

All recommendations in the report should be addressed by qualified specialists. Our ballpark costs and time frames are provided as a courtesy and should be confirmed with quotes from specialists. Minor costs in the report are typically under

OVERVIEW

Report No. 77240

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\$1,000.

END OF OVERVIEW

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ROOFING

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Description

General:

- The roof covering is newer and in good condition.
- *Seller reports roof covering is less than 5-years-old. Ask for any warranty information.

Sloped roofing material:

Metal





Metal

Metal

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • The roof inspection was restricted by limited access. *This may be incorporated into an annual roof maintenance program. Task: Further evaluation by a specialist. Time: As soon as practical

SLOPED ROOF FLASHINGS \ General notes

Condition: • Inspect during annual tune-up.

*Carefully inspect flashings at roof/wall intersections, around plumbing stacks, chimneys and roof vents for example.

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Roof inspection limited/prevented by: • Fragile roof surface.

Inspection performed: • Camera on extension pole

Report No. 77240 EXTERIOR www.carsondunlop.com 44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021 STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL COOLING INSULATION ROOFING EXTERIOR PLUMBING

REFERENCE OUR ADVICE APPENDIX

Description

Wall surfaces and trim: • Brick

Observations and Recommendations

ROOF DRAINAGE \ Downspouts

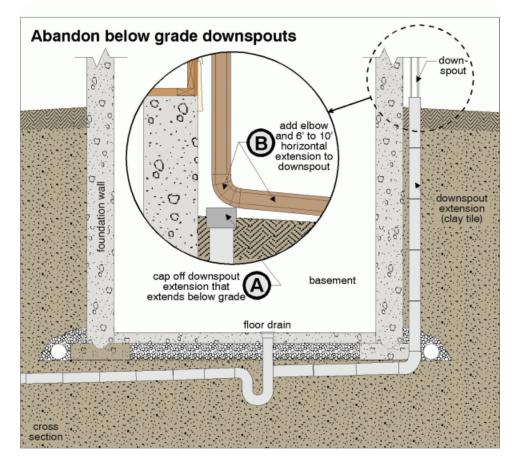
Condition: • Downspouts that discharge below grade may leak or be clogged, resulting in water in the basement or crawlspace.

Discharge point(s) not identified.

While the current arrangement is convenient and a good method to deal with rain water, if the drain pipe becomes clogged and/or deteriorated, there is a greater risk of water backing up and leaking into the basement. Note: On newer houses the drain may go into the weeping tile (not the floor drain).

Location: Front Right Side

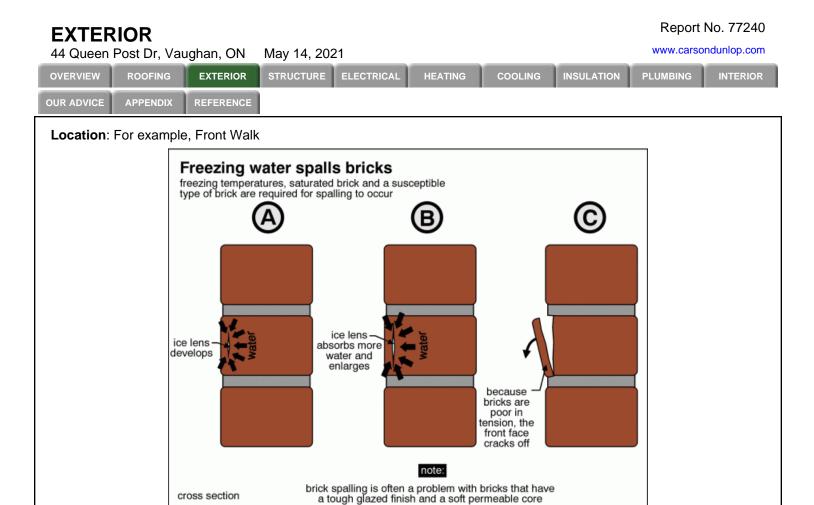
Task: Re-direct downspouts to discharge above grade at least 6 feet from home.



WALLS \ Masonry (brick, stone) and concrete

Condition: • Spalling

*Bricks too close to grade. Damage likely due to freeze/thaw cycle. Keep snow and debris away from wall where moisture can enter small cracks, freeze and cause further damage in cold weather.



WINDOWS \ General notes

Condition: • Caulking deteriorated

*Ensure sealant is in good repair to help keep water out. Regularly check at sills, around door areas and any other wall openings as well. Pay particular attention to discolored, loose or cracked caulking as this may indicate a poor seal. (Repair any cracks at sill areas).

Location: Various

Task: Seal / Repair

Time: As soon as practical. Regular maintenance



Example: Caulking deteriorated. Sill cracked



Example: Caulking deteriorated. Sill cracked

EXTERIOR

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OUR ADVICE APPENDIX

EXTERIOR \ Storms and screens

Condition: • Screen - damage *Screen torn. Location: For example, Left (looking from street) Basement Task: Repair / Replace Cost: Minor

REFERENCE

PORCHES, DECKS, STAIRS, PATIOS AND BALCONIES \ Floors

Condition: • Concrete cracked

*Concrete slab cracked. No evidence of moisture entry noted but interior finishes restricted visual access.

Location: Front Porch Task: Monitor / Repair Time: If necessary

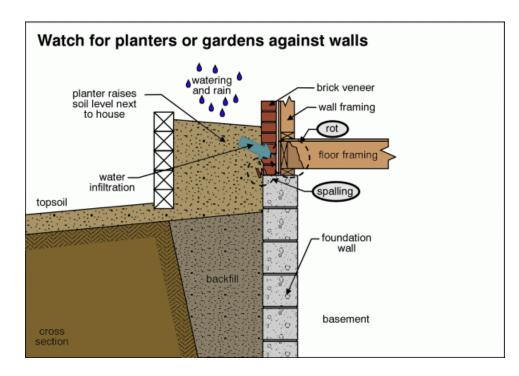
LANDSCAPING \ General notes

Condition: • Raised gardens against the house

*Because gardens tend to see water more frequently, these could be areas where moisture could enter the basement area. If basement leakage becomes an issue, relocation of the garden(s) may be necessary.

Task: Monitor and re-arrange if necessary.

Time: Ongoing



LANDSCAPING \ Lot grading

Condition: • The ground around some parts of the home does not slope to drain water away from the foundation. Lot grading is generally flat near the home, which is better than draining towards the home, but not as good as draining away from the home. Poor lot grading can contribute to basement leakage. Monitor the drainage in these areas and re-slope them if necessary.

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EXTERIOR

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Task: Improve grading so the ground slopes down at least 1 inch per foot for the first 6 feet away from the home. Note: Less slope is needed on hard surfaces like driveways Time: If necessary

LANDSCAPING \ Driveway

Condition: • Uneven (trip hazard)

*Typical settlement noted where driveway meets garage floor. Temporary repairs can be made with asphalt compound available at most home improvement stores - if necessary.

GARAGE \ General notes

Condition: • Shelving - load capacity not determined

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by: • Storage • Car/storage in garage

Exterior inspected from: • Ground level

Report No. 77240 STRUCTURE www.carsondunlop.com 44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021 ROOFING STRUCTURE INSULATION PLUMBING OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE Description Configuration: • Basement Foundation material: • Poured concrete • Not visible in areas Floor construction: • Joists Exterior wall construction: • Wood frame / Brick veneer Roof and ceiling framing: <u>Rafters/roof joists</u>

Rafters/roof joists

Observations and Recommendations

FOUNDATIONS \ General notes

Condition: • Cracks are potential sources of Basement (or Crawl space) dampness or leakage. See INTERIOR: BASEMENT LEAKAGE.

FLOORS \ Concrete slabs

Condition: • Concrete basement, crawlspace and garage floors are not typically part of the structure. Almost all basement, crawlspace and garage concrete floors have minor shrinkage and settlement cracks.

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ELECTRICAL

ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL PLUMBING OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE

Description

Service size: • 100 Amps (240 Volts)

Main disconnect/service box type and location: • Breakers - basement

Distribution panel type and location:

• Breakers - basement



Breakers - basement

Auxiliary panel (subpanel) type and location:

• Breakers - basement



Breakers - basement

Distribution wire (conductor) material and type:
• <u>Copper - non-metallic sheathed</u>
• <u>Copper - metallic sheathed</u> Circuit interrupters: Ground Fault (GFCI) & Arc Fault (AFCI): • GFCIs present • No AFCI

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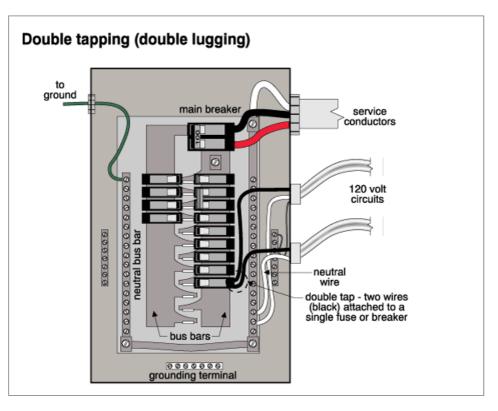
Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • All electrical recommendations are safety issues. Treat them as high priority items, and consider the Time frame as Immediate, unless otherwise noted.

SERVICE BOX, GROUNDING AND PANEL \ Distribution panel

Condition: • <u>Double taps</u> Location: Panel Task: Correct



DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM \ Outlets (receptacles)

Condition: • Adding Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFCIs) is a cost-effective safety improvement to existing homes. At an installed cost of roughly \$100 each, they provide enhanced protection against electric shock and are particularly useful near wet areas like outdoors, garages, and bathrooms). GFCIs may be either special circuit breakers or special wall outlets (receptacles). Either one protects all downstream outlets on that circuit. **Location**: For example, Basement Bar Area, First Floor and Second Floor Bathrooms

Condition: • Adding ARC Fault Circuit Interrupters (AFCIs) is a cost-effective safety improvement to existing homes. AFCI's are a circuit breaker in the electrical panel> When installed they provide enhanced protection by detecting an electric arc in the circuit and will "trip or shut off" the circuit to prevent electrical fires. (cost of roughly \$100 each). They could be installed in all the bedroom circuits (as an improvement only).

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM \ Switches

Condition: • 3-way not working as intended

ELECTRICAL

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*Light works intermittently when switch(es) operated. Location: Right Side First Floor Entrance Task: Repair

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM \ Cover plates

Condition: • <u>Missing</u> Location: For example, Front Cold Room Task: Provide Cost: Minor

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by: • Main disconnect cover not removed - unsafe to do so.

HEATING							Report N	No. 77240
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Description								
System type: • Furna	<u>ce</u>							
Fuel/energy source:	• <u>Gas</u>							
Approximate capacit	y: • <u>90,000 E</u>	<u>3TU/hr</u>						
Efficiency: • <u>High-efficiency</u>	High	-efficiency						

Approximate age: • <u>14 years</u>

Typical life expectancy: • Furnace (high efficiency) 15 to 20 years

Fireplace/stove: • Wood-burning fireplace • Gas fireplace

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • It is common to feel the airflow stronger at some registers, depending on the length of the ductwork and the number of turns required to get there. Different preferences and seasons often necessitate different setups (balancing). A service agreement that covers parts and labour (for heating and cooling equipment) is typically advised. **Location**: Throughout Task: Monitor / improve

FURNACE \ Life expectancy

Condition: • The 14-year-old high-efficiency furnace was working properly during testing. Units like this typically last for 15 to 20 years. Annual servicing will ensure proper operation and help maximize the life of the unit.

FURNACE \ Cabinet

Condition: • Rust

*Minor amount of cabinet rust noted. Area dry during this inspection.

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HEATING 44 Queen Post Dr. Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021

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Task: Service Annually

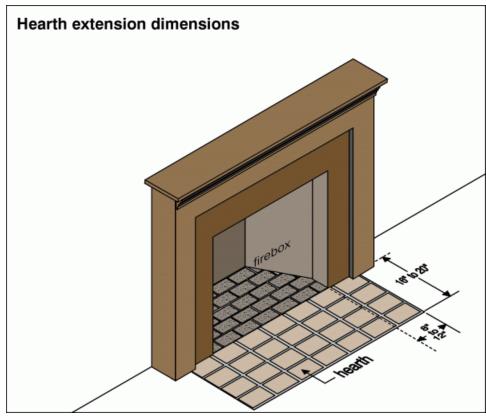
Time: Before heating season

FIREPLACE \ General notes

Condition: • Before you use the fireplace, it should be inspected, cleaned and improved if necessary by a WETT (Wood Energy Technology Transfer Inc.) certified technician

Task: Provide

Time: Before using



FIREPLACE \ Gas fireplace or gas logs

Condition: • A specialist should be engaged to inspect the gas fireplace prior to using the appliance. There are many manufacturers and many models of these units, with many different installation rules. We also recommend the gas fireplace be covered under a maintenance contract that includes regular service.

Task: Provide

Time: Before using

Report No. 77240 **COOLING & HEAT PUMP** www.carsondunlop.com 44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021 ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE Description Air conditioning type: • Air cooled Air cooled Cooling capacity: • 36,000 BTU/hr Compressor approximate age: • 15 years Typical life expectancy: • 10 to 15 years **Observations and Recommendations** AIR CONDITIONING \ Life expectancy **Condition:** • Air conditioner near the end of typical life expectancy Although the air conditioning system is close to the end of its life, continue to use and maintain the unit until it fails. Be prepared to replace at any time. *Air conditioners are complex systems with life expectancies of 10 to 15 years, if well maintained and serviced regularly. An annual maintenance contract is strongly recommended to improve comfort, reduce energy costs and prolong the life of the equipment. See Appendix for more information.

Task: Replace

Time: When necessary **Cost**: \$3,000 - \$6,000

COOLING & HEAT PUMP

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Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by:
 Low outdoor temperature

Report No. 77240 INSULATION AND VENTILATION www.carsondunlop.com 44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021 ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL INSULATION PLUMBING OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE Description Attic/roof insulation material: • Fiberglass Fiberglass Attic/roof insulation amount/value: • R-32 Attic/roof air/vapor barrier: • Not visible

Observations and Recommendations

ATTIC/ROOF \ Insulation

Condition: • Amount less than current standards Location: Attic Task: Improve Time: If desired Cost: \$1,500 - and up

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by lack of access to:

Roof space

Access to roof space above garage not gained. Further evaluation is recommended.

Inspection limited/prevented by lack of access to: • Wall space - access not gained.

Attic inspection performed: • From access hatch

Roof ventilation system performance:
 Not evaluated

Report No. 77240 PLUMBING www.carsondunlop.com 44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021 ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING APPENDIX REFERENCE

Description

OUR ADVICE

Service piping into building: • Copper

Supply piping in building: • Copper

Main water shut off valve at the:

Furnace area



Furnace area

Water heater type: • Induced draft

Water heater fuel/energy source: • Gas

Water heater approximate age: • 5 years

Waste and vent piping in building: • Plastic • Not visible in some areas.

Floor drain location:

- Furnace area
- Not visible

(First Floor Laundry Area)

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

Condition: • Many plumbing fixtures may be expected to last 15 years or more, although faucets are often replaced every 10 years.

WASTE PLUMBING \ Drain piping - performance

Condition: • The main sewer line to the street cannot be inspected during a home inspection. A video scan dramatically reduces the risk of expensive and unhealthy sewer backups. Bosco provides this \$350 service free of charge to Carson Dunlop clients.

Task: Provide after possession of the home.

Cost: Free from our plumbing business partner - see appendix for deals

PLUMBING Report No. 7724									
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WASTE PLUMBING \ Backwater valve

Condition: • None noted

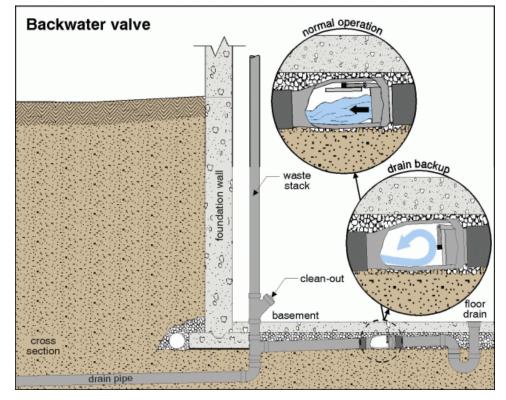
Adding a backwater valve to the main drain line is an improvement you may consider to help protect your home against sewer backups. Some municipalities provide rebates or financial assistance for installing these devices. Some insurance companies offer premium discounts or other benefits for homeowners with backwater valves. The cost is typically \$2,000 to \$4,000, with \$2,500 being a common number. Once installed, they should be inspected twice annually.

Location: Basement

Task: Provide

Time: Discretionary

Cost: \$2,000 - \$4,000



FIXTURES AND FAUCETS \ Hose bib or bibb (outdoor faucet)

Condition: • Not Frost Free

*Ensure hose bibbs are properly winterized by the time cold weather arrives. This is done by disconnecting any attached hoses, shutting off the supply from the interior, opening the faucet at the exterior (leave open to allow for expansion of any water left in the pipe), drain any water left in the pipe by opening up bleeder valve- don't forget to re-close this.

FIXTURES AND FAUCETS \ Faucet

Condition: • Drip, leak Location: Basement Utility Sink Task: Repair Time: As soon as possible Cost: Minor

PLUMBING

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FIXTURES AND FAUCETS \ Basin, sink and laundry tub

Condition: • Overflows missing, leak, rust or inappropriate

*No overflow here. Take extra care when filling sink. Alternatively, consider removing the drain-stop to help prevent accidental spillage.

Location: Basement Bathroom Basin

Condition: • Slow drains

*Slower than expected drainage when tested. Location: Basement Bathroom Basin Task: Repair / Improve

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Fixtures not tested/not in service:

 Toilet (Master bathroom - Valve off)

Items excluded from a building inspection: • Tub/sink overflows

INTERIOR

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STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL HEATING COOLING

INSULATION PLUMBING

INTERIOR

OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE

Observations and Recommendations

RECOMMENDATIONS \ General

ROOFING

Condition: • Typical minor flaws were noted on floors, walls and ceilings. These cosmetic issues reflect normal wear and tear.

WINDOWS \ Storms and screens

Condition: • Missing

*Possibly in storage? Ask Seller for details. **Location**: For example, Rear Left Side Bedroom

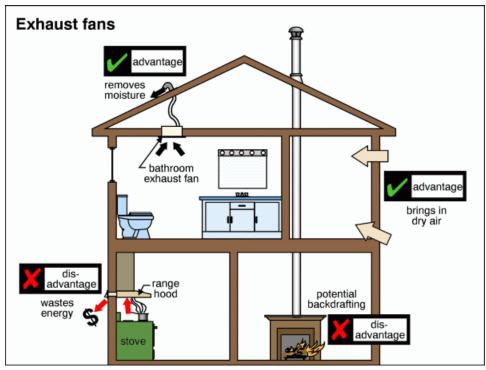
EXHAUST FANS \ General notes

Condition: • <u>Inoperative</u> Location: Basement Bathroom Task: Repair / Replace Cost: Minor

Condition: • Missing

Desirable in bathroom areas. Cost is dependent on amount of work needed and quality/type of fan chosen. *Exhaust should discharge to exterior.

Location: Hallway Bathroom, Master Bathroom, Powder Room



BASEMENT \ Leakage

Condition: • Almost every basement (and crawlspace) leaks under the right conditions. Based on a one-time visit, it's impossible to know how often or severe leaks may be. While we look for evidence of past leakage during ourconsultation, this is often not a good indicator of current conditions. Exterior conditions such as poorly performing gutters and

INTERIOR Report No. 772									
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downspouts, and ground sloping down toward the house often cause basement leakage problems. Please read Section 10.0 in the Interior section of the Home Reference Book before taking any action. You can find this in the Reference tab at the end of the report.

To summarize, wet basement issues can be addressed in 4 steps:

1. First, ensure gutters and downspouts carry roof run-off away from the home. (relatively low cost)

2. If problems persist, slope the ground (including walks, patios and driveways) to direct water away from the home. (Low cost if done by homeowner. Higher cost if done by contractor or if driveways, patios and expensive landscaping are disturbed.)

3. If the problem is not resolved and the foundation is poured concrete, seal any leaking cracks and form-tie holes from the inside. (A typical cost is \$300 to \$600 per crack or hole.)

4. As a last resort, dampproof the exterior of the foundation, provide a drainage membrane and add/repair perimeter drainage tile. (High cost)

Condition: • Basement leakage frequency or severity cannot be predicted during a home inspection

BASEMENT \ Cold room/Root cellar

Condition: • Insulated: risk of condensation problemsCeiling covered/insulated.Location: Front and Rear Cold RoomsTask: Remove

Condition: • Door should be insulated *Not designed for exterior use. Door(s) should be rated for exterior use. Proper weather-stripping required as well. **Task**: Upgrade

BASEMENT \ Wet basement - evidence

Condition: • Evidence of moisture noted

Slightly elevated moisture levels noted in this area of the basement. Follow the steps in this section to systematically improve the exterior as best possible to divert as much moisture as possible away from the house. Cost will increase as you proceed down the list. Generally speaking, controlling your downspouts and providing improved grading will offer the most benefit for the least cost. See other comments in Exterior and Interior sections for best strategies to minimize the potential for future water problems in the basement. A dehumidifier is also advised (especially for the summer). **Location**: Middle Left Side Basement

Task: Ensure gutters and downspouts are working properly and exterior grade slopes down away from the home. Monitor the area for evidence of moisture, particularly in the spring when snow melts or after heavy or persistent rains. **Time**: Immediate and ongoing

Cost: Not determined

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	Recommended grading slopes	
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	Downspout extension too short	
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INTERIOR

44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021

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ROOFING STRUCTURE ELECTRICAL

INSULATION PLUMBING

INTERIOR

OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE

Inspection Methods and Limitations

Inspection limited/prevented by: • Storage/furnishings • New finishes/paint

Inspection limited/prevented by: • Raised or finished floors in basements can trap moisture and lead to problems associated with mold growth. While we do not advocate removal of these types of floors as a matter of course, understand that it is impossible to know the state of the underside of the floor. Conditions may be discovered if renovations are undertaken that were not visible during the inspection.

No access to:

Bedroom

Rear right-side bedroom not accessed - work in progress.

Percent of foundation not visible: • 95 %

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Description

OUR ADVICE FOR LOOKING AFTER YOUR HOME: • Home maintenance is an important responsibility. It protects your investment, extends life expectancy and helps avoid significant expenses. This document is an integral part of the report, and will help you avoid many common problems and reduce costs.

Priority Maintenance and Home Set-Up: • The Home Set-Up and Maintenance chapter in the Home Reference Book provides important information regarding things that are done once when moving in, as well as regular maintenance activities.

Please be sure to follow these maintenance guidelines. The Home Reference Book is included under the REFERENCE tab in this report.

Basement/Crawlspace Leakage: • Basement water leakage is the most common problem with homes. Almost every basement and crawlspace leaks under the right conditions. Good maintenance of exterior grading, gutters and downspouts is critically important.

For more details, please refer to Section 10 of the Interior chapter of the Home Reference Book, which is in the REFERENCE tab in this report.

Roof - Annual Maintenance: • It is important to set up an annual inspection and tune-up program to minimize the risk of leakage and maximize the life of the roof. Roof leaks may occur at any time and are most often at penetrations or changes in material. A leak does not necessarily mean the roof needs to be replaced.

Roof coverings are disposable and have to be replaced from time to time. Asphalt shingles, for example, last roughly 15 years. • Roof coverings are disposable and have to be replaced from time to time. Asphalt shingles, for example, last roughly 15 years.

Exterior - Annual Maintenance: • Annual inspection of the exterior is important to ensure weather-tightness and durability of exterior components. Grading around the home should slope to drain water away from the foundation to help keep the basement dry.

Painting and caulking should be well maintained. Particular attention should be paid to horizontal surfaces where water may collect.

Joints, intersections, penetrations and other places where water may enter the building assembly should be checked and maintained regularly.

Garage Door Operators: • The auto reverse mechanism on your garage door opener should be tested monthly. The door should also reverse when it meets reasonable resistance, or if the 'photo eye' beam is broken.

Electrical System - Label the Panel: • Each circuit in the electrical panel should be labelled to indicate what it controls. This improves both safety and convenience. Where the panel is already labelled, the labelling should be verified as correct. Do not rely on existing labeling.

Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters and Arc Fault Circuit Interrupters: • These should be tested monthly using the test buttons on the receptacles or on the breakers in the electrical panel.

Heating and Cooling System - Annual Maintenance: • Set up an annual maintenance agreement that covers parts and labour for all heating and cooling equipment. This includes gas fireplaces and heaters, as well as furnaces, boilers and air conditioners. Include humidifiers and electronic air cleaners in the service agreement. Arrange the first visit as soon

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as possible after taking possession.

Check filters for furnaces and air conditioners monthly and change or clean as needed. Duct systems have to be balanced to maximize comfort and efficiency, and to minimize operating costs. Adjust the balancing for heating and cooling seasons, respectively.

For hot water systems, balancing should be done by a specialist to due to the risk of leakage at radiator valves. These valves are not operated during a home inspection. • Check filters for furnaces and air conditioners monthly and change or clean as needed. Duct systems have to be balanced to maximize comfort and efficiency, and to minimize operating costs. Adjust the balancing for heating and cooling seasons, respectively. • For hot water systems, balancing should be done by a specialist to due to the risk of leakage at radiator valves. These valves are not operated during a home inspection.

Bathtub and Shower Maintenance: • Caulking and grout in bathtubs and showers should be checked every 6 months, and improved as necessary to prevent leakage and water damage behind walls and below floors.

Water Heaters: • All water heaters should be flushed by a specialist every year to maximize performance and life expectancy. This is even more critical on tankless water heaters.

Washing Machine Hoses: • We suggest braided steel hoses rather than rubber hoses for connecting washing machines to supply piping in the home. A ruptured hose can result in serious water damage in a short time, especially if the laundry area is in or above a finished part of the home.

Clothes Dryer Vents: • We recommend that vents for clothes dryers discharge outside the home. The vent material should be smooth walled (not corrugated) metal, and the run should be as short and straight as practical. This reduces energy consumption and cost, as well as drying time for clothes. It also minimizes the risk of a lint fire inside the vent.

Lint filters in the dryer should be cleaned every time the dryer is used. There is a secondary lint trap in many condominiums. These should be cleaned regularly. There may also a duct fan controlled by a wall switch. The fan should be ON whenever the dryer is used.

Dryer ducts should be inspected annually and cleaned as necessary to help reduce the risk of a fire, improve energy efficiency and reduce drying times.

Fireplace and Wood Stove Maintenance: • Wood burning appliances and chimneys should be inspected and cleaned before you use them, and annually thereafter. We recommend that specialists with a WETT (Wood Energy Technology Transfer, Inc.) designation perform this work. Many insurance companies require a WETT inspection for a property with a wood burning device.

Smoke and Carbon Monoxide (CO) Detectors/Alarms: • Smoke detectors are required at every floor level of every home, including basements and crawlspaces. Even if these are present when you move into the home, we recommend replacing the detectors. We strongly recommend photoelectric smoke detectors rather than ionization type detectors. Carbon monoxide detectors should be provided adjacent to all sleeping areas.

These devices are not tested during a home inspection. Detectors should be tested every 6 months, and replaced every 10 years. Batteries for smoke and carbon monoxide detectors should be replaced annually. If unsure of the age of a smoke detector, it should be replaced.

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Backwater Valve: • A backwater valve protects your home from a backup of the municipal sewer system. The valve may be equipped with an alarm to notify you of a backup. Please note: if the valve is closed due to a municipal sewer backup, you cannot use the plumbing fixtures in the home. The waste water is unable to leave the building and will back up through floor drains and the lowest plumbing fixtures. • The valve should be inspected and cleaned as necessary at least twice a year.

Sump Pump: • A sump pump collects storm water below the basement floor and discharges it safely to the exterior to prevent flooding. The discharge point should be at least 6 feet (2 m) away from the home. Best installations include backup power for the sump pump, so it will work in the event of a power outage. A high water alarm in the sump pump will notify you if the pump fails. Some installations include a backup pump.

The sump and pump should be inspected and tested four times a year.

For condominium owners: • Condominium owners - Maintenance and Repairs: There are two types of repairs that may be performed in a condo - repairs to an individual condo unit and repairs to common elements. Common elements are set out in the Condominium Declaration and will differ from one building to another. If repairs must be made inside your unit, you are responsible for making the repairs at your own expense. You are also responsible for the ongoing maintenance of your unit. The condominium corporation's board of directors is responsible for maintenance and repair of the common elements. Exclusive-use common elements, such as parking spaces or balconies are generally maintained by the condominium board.

Be Ready for Emergencies: Be sure you know where to shut off the water. Some condos have more than one shut off, and others need a special tool (key) to turn off water. Label each circuit on the electrical panel, and make sure you should know how to turn off the power. Keep a fire extinguisher suitable for grease fires near the kitchen.

Property Manager and Concierge/Security: Keep the contact information for these folks handy (perhaps on your phone) wherever you are. • Lint filters in the dryer should be cleaned every time the dryer is used. There is a secondary lint trap in many condominiums. These should be cleaned regularly. There may also a duct fan controlled by a wall switch. The fan should be ON whenever the dryer is used.

END OF REPORT

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	 A statistical statistics 		DUNLOP /NERS' ASSO	CIATI	ON			

As a Carson Dunlop client, you receive complimentary membership in the Carson Dunlop Homeowners Association. Don't forget to take advantage of all the savings you receive just for being a member.



Free Heating or Cooling Tune-Up from AtlasCare (\$200 value) Get a free safety inspection and tune-up on your home's heating or cooling systems courtesy of our partners at AtlasCare. Claim your \$200 value tune-up by calling **416-626-1785** and ask to speak to a customer service representative about the Carson Dunlop Promo. (Where available)



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Our gift to you - a **\$100 Jiffy gift card** to use on any Jiffy services. Jiffy connects homeowners to trusted Pros, delivering instant appointments at pre-set, fair rates. The Carson Dunlop team trusts Jiffy to take care of their own homes; that's why we are comfortable recommending Jiffy to you. We love not having to shop for reputable service providers. We also appreciate the speed, quality, and the pricing. You never have to worry about overpaying. To redeem your **\$100 gift card**, simply create an account at jiffyondemand.com or on their <u>iOS</u> or <u>Android</u> app. Then enter your code -**CARSON91472** on your first booking. Or enter your code in your Jiffy Profile under credits. It's easy. (where available)



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Basement Flood Protection Chec	klist
Take these steps to reduce your risk of basement flooding and reduce the cost of cleaning up after Remember to check with your municipality about the availability of basement flood protection sub Check with your insurer about discounts for taking action to reduce flood risk.	
1. Maintain Your Home's Flood Protection Features at Least Twice Per Yeo	ar
SPRING FALL Remove debris from nearest storm drain Clean out eaves troughs Test sump pump(s) and backup power source Clean out backwater valve Maintain plumbing, appliances and fixtures Test flood alarms	
2. Keep Water Out of Your Basement	
 Correct grading to direct water at least 2m away from your foundation Extend downspouts and sump discharge pipes to direct water at least 2m from your foundation or to the nearest drainage swale Install window well covers Install window wells that are 10-15cm above the ground and are sealed at foundation Install water-resistant basement windows Install a backwater valve (work with a plumber and get required permits) 	
3. Prepare to Remove Any Water from Your Basement as Quickly as Possible	
 Remove obstructions to the basement floor drain Install a back-up sump pump and power source 	
4. Protect Personal Belongings in Your Basement	
 Store valuables in watertight containers or remove Store hazardous materials (paints, chemicals) in watertight containers or Raise electronics off the floor Select removable area rugs and furnishings that have wooden or metal leg 	
Note: Not all actions will be applicable to each home. Completing these steps does not guarantee the prevention of b	asement flooding.
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	This is a copy of our home insp	ection contract and outlines	
	the terms, limitations and cond		
THIS CONTRACT LIMITS T	HE LIABILITY OF THE HOME INSPECTION	ON COMPANY.	
PLEASE READ CAREFULLY	BEFORE SIGNING.		
is performed in substantia We comply with the Stand	in this document means the Home In: Il accordance with the STANDARDS O lards, inspecting every listed item, alt ITCE, click <u>http://www.oahi.com/dow</u>	F PRACTICE of the Ontario Association hough we do not include description	n of Home Inspectors. s of all items. To review
The Home Inspector's rep readily accessible features	ort is an opinion of the present condit s of the building.	ion of the property, based on a visua	al examination of the
In addition to the limitation out in this Agreement.	ons in the STANDARDS, the Inspection	of this property is subject to Limitati	ions and Conditions set
LIMITATIONS AND CONDI	TIONS OF THE HOME INSPECTION		
The focus of the inspectio	n is on major issues that may affect a	reasonable person's decision to buy	a home.
	eralist, rather than a specialist. The he ne Inspectors do not perform calculati mple, are properly sized.		
1) THE INSPECTION IS NOT	TECHNICALLY EXHAUSTIVE.		
	ng exercise and is not technically exha come across some smaller issues. The sues will be identified.	•	
Establishing the significan be required.	ce of an issue may be beyond the scop	pe of the inspection. Further evaluat	ion by a specialist may
	e in-depth, technically exhaustive insp e both services available. By accepting of a Technical Audit.		
•	it any conditions noted in the Home Ir vide a more detailed analysis.	nspection Report, we strongly recom	mend that you consult a

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			<u>.</u>						
	2) THE INSP	PECTION IS AN O	PINION OF THE PI	RESENT CONDITIC	ON OF THE VISIBL	E COMPONENT	S.		
		-	-	ing defects that an viring, heating, co			ceilings, storage or sulation.	furniture.	
	example, y	our Home Inspec		over leaks that oc	-		ler certain circumst conditions or when		
	-			t are concealed by ing (including car		-	Inspectors do not e.	remove	
	– roof shing	gles, siding, maso	onry, windows, in		trical wiring, rece	eptacles and swi	t includes but is not tches, plumbing pij aces.		
	3) THIS IS N	IOT A CODE-CON	IPLIANCE INSPEC	TION					
	as building	codes, electrical	codes, fuel codes		, regulations, law	vs, by-laws, ordin	past or present cod nances or other reg	-	
	4) THE INSF	PECTION DOES N	OT INCLUDE HAZ/	ARDOUS MATERIA	ALS.				
	formaldehy roofing, sid	/de based insulat ling, wall, ceiling	ion, fiberglass ins or floor finishes, i	sulation and verm	iculite insulation proofing. Inspecto	i. Inspectors do l ors do NOT look	ol-formaldehyde ar NOT identify asbest for lead or other to	tos in	
							fungicides, herbicid e treatments in or a		
	5) WE DO N	NOT COMMENT (ON THE QUALITY	OF AIR IN A BUILD	DING.				
	The Inspect building.	tor does not dete	ermine if there are	e irritants, polluta	ants, contaminan	its, or toxic mate	erials in or around t	he	
	•			-			ever there is water of a wall, floor or cei		
	•					•	ongly recommend to gens at additional c		

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6) WE DON'T LOOK FOR BUR	IED TANKS.						
other storage tanks on the p	c for fuel oil, septic or gasoline tan roperty, you may be responsible f buried tank, we strongly recomm	or their removal and the saf	e disposal of any contaminated				
7) CANCELLATION FEE							
If the inspection is cancelled	within 24 hours of the appointme	nt time, a cancellation fee o	of 50% of the fee will apply.				
8) THERMAL IMAGING (If inc	luded with this inspection)						
of this equipment improves	by your home inspector is for the the odds of detecting a moisture i rmal signature of moisture. Additi	ssue, it is not a guarantee, a					
9) MOULD ASSESSMENT (If i	ncluded with this inspection)						
growth. Moisture readings w sample will be collected. Sho	e a complete visual inspection fro vill be collected throughout the ho ould visible mould growth be ident I be summarized in our written re	me. Two indoor air samples ified, one surface sample w	and one outdoor reference				
10) REPORT IS FOR OUR CLIE	NT ONLY.						
buyers, at their own discretion	Carson Dunlop will not be respon	to obtain their own Onsite I	Review with Carson Dunlop if they				
11) NOT A GUARANTEE, WA	RRANTY OR INSURANCE POLICY.						
The inspection and report ar	e not a guarantee, warranty or an	insurance policy with regar	d to the fitness of the property.				
12) TIME TO INVESTIGATE							
-	any claim or complaint if condition re have had a reasonable period o		red, repaired, replaced or				
13) LIMIT OF LIABILITY							
REPORT, FOR ANY CAUSE OF	INSPECTOR AND THE HOME INSP ACTION WHATSOEVER, WHETHEI E BEEN CHARGED FOR THIS INSPE	R IN CONTRACT OR IN NEGL	IGENCE, IS LIMITED TO A REFUND				
Dunlop within 10 business d	aim, for negligence, breach of con ays of discovery. Further, the clien ncy except for an emergency cond	nt agrees to allow Carson Du					

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	that any fai	lure to notify Car	son Dunlop as sta				nt understands and I claims the client r	-		
	against the inspector and/or Carson Dunlop. 14) TIME PERIOD									
	The Client acknowledges and agrees that the timeframe for commencement of legal proceedings by the Client against the Inspector for damages suffered by the Client as a result of alleged errors, omissions, breaches of contract and/or negligence by the Inspector shall not be later than two (2) years from the date of the inspection.									
	15) LEGAL A	DVICE								
	The Client has had such legal advice as the Client desires in relation to the effect of this Contract on the Client's legal rights.									
	16) CLIENT'S AGREEMENT									
			-	nd by each and ev rested parties to t		this contract. T	he Client has the a	uthority to		

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Canadian Association Of Home & Property Inspectors

2012 NATIONAL STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

The National Standards of Practice are a set of guidelines for home and property inspectors to follow in the performance of their inspections. They are the most widely accepted Canadian home inspection guidelines in use, and address all the home's major systems and components. The National Standards of Practice and Code of Ethics are recognized by many related professionals as the definitive Standards for professional performance in the industry.

These National Standards of Practice are being published to inform the public on the nature and scope of visual building inspections performed by home and property inspectors who are members of the Canadian Association of Home and Property Inspectors (CAHPI).

The purpose of the National Standards of Practice is to provide guidelines for home and property inspectors regarding both the inspection itself and the drafting of the inspection report, and to define certain terms relating to the performance of home inspections to ensure consistent interpretation.

To ensure better public protection, home and property inspectors who are members of CAHPI should strive to meet these Standards and abide by the appropriate provincial/regional CAHPI Code of Ethics.

These Standards take into account that a visual inspection of a building does not constitute an evaluation or a verification of compliance with building codes, Standards or regulations governing the construction industry or the health and safety industry, or Standards and regulations governing insurability.

Any terms not defined in these Standards shall have the meaning commonly assigned to it by the various trades and professions, according to context.

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- 8. Electrical Systems
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- 10. Fireplaces & Solid Fuel Burning Appliances
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Glossary Note: Italicized words are defined in the Glossary.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 The Canadian Association of Home and Property Inspectors (CAHPI) is a not-for-profit association whose members include the following seven provincial/regional organizations: CAHPI-British Columbia., CAHPI-Alberta, CAHPI-Saskatchewan, CAHPI-Manitoba, OAHI (Ontario), AIBO (Ouebec), and CAHPI-Atlantic. CAHPI strives to promote excellence within the profession and continual improvement of inspection services to the public.

2. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

2.1 The purpose of these National Standards of Practice is to establish professional and uniform Standards for private, fee-paid home inspectors who are members of one of the provincial/regional organizations of CAHPI. Home Inspections performed to these National Standards of Practice are intended to provide information regarding the condition of the systems and components of the building as inspected at the time of the Home Inspections. This does NOT include building code inspections.

These National Standards of Practice enable the building being inspected to be compared with a building that was constructed in accordance with the generally accepted practices at the time of construction, and which has been adequately maintained such that there is no significant loss of *functionality*.

It follows that the building may not be in compliance with current building codes, standards and regulations that are applicable at the time of inspection. These National Standards of Practice apply to inspections of part or all of a building for the following building types:

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- single-family dwelling, detached, semidetached or row house
- multi unit residential building
- residential building held in divided or undivided co ownership
- residential building occupied in part for a residential occupancy and in part for a commercial occupancy, as long as the latter use does not exceed 40% of the building's total area, excluding the basement.

2.2 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

1. *readily accessible*, visually observable *installed systems*, and *components* of buildings listed in these National Standards of Practice.

B. report:

- 1. on those systems and components installed on the building inspected which, in the professional opinion or judgement of the *inspector*, *have a significant deficiency* or are unsafe or are near the end of their *service lives*.
- 2. a reason why, if not self-evident, the system or component has a significant deficiency or is unsafe or is near the end of its service life.
- 3. the inspector's recommendations to correct or monitor the reported deficiency.
- 4. on any systems and components designated for inspection in these National Standards of Practice which were present at the time of the Home Inspection but were not inspected and a reason they were not inspected.
- **2.3** These National Standards of Practice are not intended to limit inspectors from:
 - **A.** including other inspection services in addition to those required by these National Standards of Practice provided the *inspector* is appropriately qualified and willing to do so.
 - **B.** excluding *systems* and *components* from the inspection if requested by the client or as dictated by circumstances at the time of the inspection.

3. GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

3.1 GENERAL LIMITATIONS:

- **A.** Inspections performed in accordance with these National Standards of Practice
- 1. are not technically exhaustive.
- $\ensuremath{\text{2.\,will}}$ not identify concealed conditions or latent defects.

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	 A. The insp action o specifica of Practi authorit B. Inspecto 1. conditio 	r make any de ally stated in t ice, except as n y. <i>rs</i> are NOT rec n of <i>systems</i> o	equired to perform any termination unless hese National Standards nay be required by lawful quired to determine: r <i>components</i> which are	 space F. Inspective under to stop prese system decorr system 	ned spaces. es which are not readily acce ctors are NOT required to in rground items including, but orage tanks or other indication ence, whether abandoned or a ms or components which are rative items. ms or components located in	spect: to not limited ons of their active. to not <i>installed</i> .			
	 remaining strength efficience causes of methods future causes 	a, adequacy, ef cy of any syste f any conditio c, materials, or conditions incl	<i>system</i> or <i>component</i> . fectiveness, or <i>m</i> or <i>component</i> . n or deficiency. costs of corrections. uding, but not limited to,	 not readily accessible in accordance with these National Standards of Practice. 5. detached structures. 6. common elements or common areas in multi- unit housing, such as condominium properties or cooperative housing when inspecting an individual unit(s), including the roof and 					
	 Suitabili complia regulation market 10.advisabi 11.presence animals 	nce with regul ons, laws, ordi value of the pu ility of the pure of potentially or insects inc	erty for any use. atory requirements (codes,	build 7. test a syste sprin equip telepl any li whee other					
	organisa 12.presenc includin noise, au 13.effective methods hazardo 14.operatir 15.acoustic <i>compon</i> 16.design a	ns harmful to e of any enviro ag, but not lim nd contaminan eness of any system s utilized to co us substances ag costs of system cal properties ent adequacy with	humans. onmental hazards ited to toxins, carcinogens, nts in soil, water, and air. <i>astem</i> installed or ntrol or remove suspected	 8. pools, spas and their associated safety devices, including fences. 6. Inspectors are NOT required to: perform any procedure or operation which will, in the opinion of the inspector, likely be hazardous to the inspector or other persons or damage the property or it's systems or components. 2. move suspended ceiling tiles, personal property, furniture, equipment, plants, soil, snow, ice, or 					
	 C. Inspecto 1. any actoregulati 2. engineet 3. work in other th 4. warranti 	rs are NOT rec or service con on. <i>ring, architect</i> any trade or a an <i>home insp</i> es or guarante	quired to offer or perform: trary to law, statute or <i>ural</i> and technical services. ny professional service <i>ection</i> . ees of any kind.		<i>ent</i> , except as nal Standards				
	 any syst otherwis any syst 	em or compon se inoperable. em or compon to normal op	quired to operate: <i>tent</i> which is <i>shut down</i> or <i>tent</i> which does not <i>terating controls</i> .						
	1. any area inspecto	which will, in which will, in which will, in which we have a set of the set o	quired to enter: a the opinion of the azardous to the <i>inspector</i> mage the property or its						

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or other persons or damage the property or its

systems or components.

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4. STRUCTURAL SYSTEMS

4.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. structural components including visible foundation and framing.
- 2. by *probing* a sample of structural components where deterioration is suspected or where clear indications of possible deterioration exist. Probing is NOT required when probing would damage any finished surface or where no deterioration is visible.

B. describe:

- 1. foundation(s).
- 2. floor structure(s).
- 3. wall structure(s).
- 4. ceiling structure(s).
- 5. roof structure(s).

C. report:

- 1. on conditions limiting access to structural components.
- 2. methods used to inspect the under-floor crawl space
- 3. methods used to *inspect* the attic(s).

4.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

- A. provide any engineering service or architectural service.
- **B.** offer an opinion as to the adequacy of any structural system or component.

5. EXTERIOR SYSTEMS

5.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. exterior wall covering(s), flashing and trim.
- 2. all exterior doors.
- 3. attached or *adjacent* decks, balconies, steps, porches, and their associated railings.
- 4. eaves, soffits, and fascias where accessible from the ground level.
- 5. vegetation, grading, and surface drainage on the property when any of these are likely to adversely affect the building.
- 6. walkways, patios, and driveways leading to dwelling entrances.
- 7. landscaping structure attached or adjacent to the building when likely to adversely affect the building.
- 8. attached garage or carport.
- 9. garage doors and garage door operators for attached garages.

B. describe

- 1. exterior wall covering(s).
- C. report:
 - 1. the method(s) used to inspect the exterior wall elevations.

5.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO: A. inspect:

- 1. screening, shutters, awnings, and similar seasonal accessories.
- 2. fences.
- 3. geological, geotechnical or hydrological conditions.
- 4. recreational facilities.
- 5. detached garages and outbuildings.
- 6. seawalls, break-walls, dykes and docks.
- 7. erosion control and earth stabilization measures.

6. ROOF SYSTEMS

6.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. readily accessible roof coverings.
- 2. readily accessible roof drainage systems.
- 3. readily accessible flashings.
- 4. readily accessible skylights, chimneys, and roof penetrations.

B. describe

- 1. roof coverings.
- C. report:
 - 1. method(s) used to inspect the roof(s).

6.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

A. inspect:

- 1. antennae and satellite dishes.
- 2. interiors of flues or chimneys.
- 3. other installed items attached to but not related to the roof system(s).

7. PLUMBING SYSTEMS

7.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. interior water supply and distribution systems including all fixtures and faucets.
- 2. drain, waste and vent systems including all fixtures.
- 3. water heating equipment and associated venting systems.
- 4. water heating equipment fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.
- 5. fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.
- 6. drainage sumps, sump pumps, and related
- piping.

B. describe:

- 1. water supply, distribution, drain, waste, and vent piping materials.
- 2. water heating equipment including the energy source.
- 3. location of main water and main fuel shut-off valves.

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7.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

A. inspect:

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- 1. clothes washing machine connections.
- 2. wells, well pumps, or water storage related equipment.
- 3. water conditioning systems.
- 4. solar water heating systems.
- 5. fire and lawn sprinkler systems.
- 6. private waste disposal systems.

B. determine:

- 1. whether water supply and waste disposal systems are public or private.
- 2. the quantity or quality of the water supply.

C. operate:

1. safety valves or shut-off valves.

8. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

8.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. service drop.
- 2. service entrance conductors, cables, and raceways.
- 3. service equipment and main disconnects.
- 4. service grounding.
- 5. interior components of service panels and sub panels.
- 6. distribution conductors.
- 7. overcurrent protection devices.
- 8. a *representative number* of *installed* lighting fixtures, switches, and receptacles.
- 9. ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCI) (if appropriate).
- 10.arc fault circuit interrupters (AFCI) (if appropriate).

B. describe:

- 1. amperage and voltage rating of the service.
- 2. location of main disconnect(s) and subpanel(s). 3. wiring methods.
- C. report:
 - 1. presence of solid conductor aluminum branch circuit wiring.
 - 2. absence of carbon monoxide detectors (if applicable).
 - 3. absence of smoke detectors.
 - 4. presence of ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCI)
 - 5. presence of arc fault circuit interrupters (AFCI).

8.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO: A. inspect:

- 1. remote control devices unless the device is the only control device.
- 2. alarm systems and components.
- 3. low voltage wiring, systems and components.
- 4. ancillary wiring, systems and components not a part of the primary electrical power distribution system.

5. telecommunication equipment.

B. measure:

1. amperage, voltage, or impedance.

9. HEATING SYSTEMS

9.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

- A. inspect:
 - 1. readily accessible components of installed heating equipment.
 - 2. vent systems, flues, and chimneys.
 - 3. fuel storage and fuel distribution systems.

B. describe:

- 1. energy source(s).
- 2. heating method(s) by distinguishing characteristics.
- 3. chimney(s) and/or venting material(s).
- 4. combustion air sources.
- 5. exhaust venting methods (naturally aspiring, induced draft, direct vent, direct vent sealed combustion).

9.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

- A. inspect:
 - 1. interiors of flues or chimneys.
 - 2. heat exchangers.
 - 3. auxiliary equipment.
 - 4. electronic air filters.
 - 5. solar heating systems.

B. determine:

1. system adequacy or distribution balance.

10. FIREPLACES AND SOLID FUEL BURNING APPLIANCES

(Unless prohibited by the authority having jurisdiction)

10.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:

A. inspect:

- 1. system components
- 2. vent systems and chimneys
- **B. describe:**
 - 1. fireplaces and solid fuel burning appliances 2. chimneys

10.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

A. inspect:

- 1. interior of flues or chimneys
- 2. screens, doors and dampers
- 3. seals and gaskets
- 4. automatic fuel feed devices
- 5. heat distribution assists whether fan assisted or gravity
- B. ignite or extinguish fires
- C. determine draught characteristics
- D. move fireplace inserts, stoves, or firebox contents

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www.carsondunlop.com 44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021 COOLING INSULATION ROOFING PLUMBING OUR ADVICE REFERENCE APPENDIX **11. AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEMS** 13.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO: A. disturb 1. insulation. **11.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL:** A. inspect 2. vapour barriers. 1. permanently *installed* central air conditioning B. obtain sample(s) for analysis equipment. 1. insulation material(s). **B. describe:** 1. energy source. 14. MECHANICAL AND NATURAL 2. cooling method by its distinguishing characteristics. VENTILATION SYSTEMS 14.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL: 11.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO: A. inspect: A. inspect 1. ventilation of attics and foundation areas. 1. electronic air filters. 2. portable air conditioner(s). 2. mechanical ventilation systems. 3. ventilation systems in areas where moisture is **B. determine:** generated such as kitchen, bathrooms, laundry 1. system adequacy or distribution balance. rooms. **B. describe: 12. INTERIOR SYSTEMS** 1. ventilation of attics and foundation areas. 12.1 THE INSPECTOR SHALL: 2. mechanical ventilation systems. A. inspect: 3. ventilation systems in areas where moisture 1. walls, ceilings, and floors. is generated such as: kitchens, bathrooms and 2. steps, stairways, and railings. laundry rooms.

1. absence of ventilation in areas where moisture is generated such as: kitchens, bathrooms and laundry rooms.

14.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

- 1. determine indoor air quality.
- 2. determine system adequacy or distribution balance.

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- 3. a representative number of countertops and installed cabinets.
- 4. a representative number of doors and windows.
- 5. walls, doors and ceilings separating the
- habitable spaces and the garage.

B. describe:

- 1. materials used for walls, ceilings and floors.
- 2. doors.
- 3. windows.

C. report

1. absence or ineffectiveness of guards and handrails or other potential physical injury hazards.

12.2 THE INSPECTOR IS NOT REQUIRED TO:

A. inspect:

- 1. *decorative* finishes.
- 2. window treatments.
- 3. central vacuum systems.
- 4. household appliances.
- 5. recreational facilities.

13. INSULATION AND VAPOUR BARRIERS

- **13.1** THE INSPECTOR SHALL:
- A. inspect:
 - 1. insulation and vapour barriers in unfinished spaces.
- **B. describe:**
 - 1. type of insulation material(s) and vapour barriers in unfinished spaces.
- C. report
 - 1. absence of insulation in unfinished spaces within the building envelope.
 - 2. presence of vermiculite insulation

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C. report:

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GLOSSARY

Adjacent

Nearest in space or position; immediately adjoining without intervening space.

Alarm Systems

Warning devices, installed or free-standing, including but not limited to; carbon monoxide detectors, flue gas and other spillage detectors, security equipment, ejector pumps and smoke alarms.

Architectural Service

Any practice involving the art and science of building design for construction of any structure or grouping of structures and the use of space within and surrounding the structures or the design for construction, including but not specifically limited to, schematic design, design development, preparation of construction contract documents, and administration of the construction contract, adequacy of design for the location and exposure to the elements.

Automatic Safety Controls

Devices designed and installed to protect *systems* and *components* from unsafe conditions.

Component

A part of a system.

Confined Spaces

An enclosed or partially enclosed area that: 1. Is occupied by people only for the purpose of completing work.

2. Has restricted entry/exit points.

3. Could be hazardous to people entering due to:

a. its design, construction, location or atmosphere. b. the materials or substances in it, or

c. any other conditions which prevent normal inspection procedure.

Decorative

Ornamental; not required for the operation of the essential *systems* and *components* of a building.

Describe

To *report* a *system* or *component* by its type or other observed, significant characteristics to distinguish it from other *systems* or *components*.

Determine

To find out, or come to a conclusion by investigation.

Dismantle

To take apart or remove any component, device, or piece of equipment that would not be taken apart or removed by a homeowner in the course of normal and routine home owner maintenance.

Engineering Service

Any professional service or creative work requiring engineering education, training, and experience and the application of special knowledge of the mathematical, physical and engineering sciences to such professional service or creative work as consultation, investigation, evaluation, planning, design and supervision of construction for the purpose of assuring compliance with the specifications and design, in conjunction with structures, buildings, machines, equipment, works or processes.

Functionality

The purpose that something is designed or expected to fulfill.

Further Evaluation

Examination and analysis by a qualified professional, tradesman or service technician beyond that provided by the *home inspection*.

Home Inspection

The process by which an *inspector* visually examines the *readily accessible systems* and *components* of a building and which *describes* those *systems* and *components* in accordance with these National Standards of Practice.

Household Appliances

Kitchen, laundry, and similar appliances, whether *installed* or freestanding.

Inspect

To examine *readily accessible systems* and *components* of a building in accordance with these National Standards of Practice, *where applicable* using *normal operating controls* and opening *readily openable access panels*.

Inspector

A person hired to examine any *system* or *component* of a building in accordance with these National Standards of Practice.

Installed

Set up or fixed in position for current use or service.

Monitor

Examine at regular intervals to detect evidence of change.

Normal Operating Controls

Devices such as thermostats, switches or valves intended to be operated by the homeowner.

Operate

To cause to function, turn on, to control the function of a machine, process, or system.

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Probing

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Examine by touch.

Readily Accessible

Available for visual inspection without requiring moving of personal property, *dismantling*, destructive measures, or any action which will likely involve risk to persons or property.

Readily Openable Access Panel

A panel provided for homeowner inspection and maintenance that is within normal reach, can be removed by one person, and is not sealed in place.

Recreational Facilities

Spas, saunas, steam baths, swimming pools, exercise, entertainment, athletic, playground or other similar equipment and associated accessories.

Report

To communicate in writing.

Representative Number

One *component* per room for multiple similar interior *components* such as windows and electric outlets; one *component* on each side of the building for multiple similar exterior *components*.

Roof Drainage Systems

Components used to carry water off a roof and away from a building.

Sample

A representative portion selected for inspection.

Service Life/Lives

The period during which something continues to function fully as intended.

Significant Deficiency

A clearly definable hazard or a clearly definable potential for failure or is unsafe or not functioning.

Shut Down

A state in which a system or component cannot be operated by normal operating controls.

Solid Fuel Burning Appliances

A hearth and fire chamber or similar prepared place in which a fire may be built and which is built in conjunction with a chimney; or a listed assembly of a fire chamber, its chimney and related factory-made parts designed for unit assembly without requiring field construction.

Structural Component

A component that supports non-variable forces or weights (dead loads) and variable forces or weights (live loads).

System

A combination of interacting or interdependent components, assembled to carry out one or more functions.

Technically Exhaustive

An inspection is technically exhaustive when it is done by a specialist who may make extensive use of measurements, instruments, testing, calculations, and other means to develop scientific or engineering findings, conclusions, and recommendations.

Under-floor Crawl Space

The area within the confines of the foundation and between the ground and the underside of the floor.

Unsafe

A condition in a *readily accessible, installed system* or *component* which is judged to be a significant risk of personal injury during normal, day-to-day use. The risk may be due to damage, deterioration, missing or improper installation or a change in accepted residential construction Standards.

Vapour Barrier

Material used in the building envelope to retard the passage of water vapour or moisture.

Visually Accessible

Able to be viewed by reaching or entering.

Wiring Methods

Identification of electrical conductors or wires by their general type, such as "non-metallic sheathed cable" ("Romex"), "armored cable" ("bx") or "knob and tube", etc.

Note - In these National Standards of Practice, redundancy in the description of the requirements, limitations and exclusions regarding the scope of the Home Inspection is provided for clarity not emphasis.

(CAHPI acknowledges The American Society of Home Inspectors®, Inc. (ASHI®) for the use of their Standards of Practice (version January 1, 2000)

(AUGUST 22/12 VER. F)

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ASBESTOS, MOULD AND OTHER	
Environmental issues are outside the	e scope of a home inspection.
Inspectors do not identify or evaluat	
and indoor air quality. Many building	
although homes built after 1990 are	
problems may result in visible or cor sources of indoor air quality issues.	icealed mould. There are many
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you need help, call us at 416-964-94	15. More information is available
by clicking on the links below.	
ASBESTOS	
Health Risks of Asbestos - Governme	ent of Canada
VERMICULITE	
Vermiculite Insulation Containing Ar	nphibole Asbestos - Health Canada
MOULD	la color d'actività de la color de la c
MOISTURE AND AIR A Guide for Und Moisture Problems in Housing - Can	
Corporation	
AIR QUALITY	
<u>Indoor Air Quality</u> - Health Canada	

Report No. 77240 REFERENCE LIBRARY www.carsondunlop.com 44 Queen Post Dr, Vaughan, ON May 14, 2021 ROOFING STRUCTURE COOLING INSULATION PLUMBING OUR ADVICE APPENDIX REFERENCE The links below connect you to a series of documents that will help you understand your home and how it works. These are in addition to links attached to specific items in the report. Click on any link to read about that system. 01. ROOFING, FLASHINGS AND CHIMNEYS (\gg) 02. EXTERIOR (>>) (\gg) 03. STRUCTURE 04. ELECTRICAL ()05. HEATING (>>) (\gg) 06. COOLING/HEAT PUMPS (\gg) 07. INSULATION (>>)08. PLUMBING (\gg) 09. INTERIOR (\gg) **10. APPLIANCES 11. LIFE CYCLES AND COSTS** >>> **12. SUPPLEMENTARY** Asbestos Radon Urea Formaldehyde Foam Insulation (UFFI) Lead Carbon Monoxide Mold **Household Pests Termites and Carpenter Ants 13. HOME SET-UP AND MAINTENANCE 14. MORE ABOUT HOME INSPECTIONS**